

RNA 5' Polyphosphatase

Cat. No. RP8092H



* Patent pending

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1. Introduction

RNA 5' Polyphosphatase* is a Mg²⁺-independent, 19,000-kDa phosphohydrolase discovered and characterized by Epicentre scientists. The enzyme sequentially removes the γ and β phosphates from 5'-triphosphorylated RNA (primary RNA transcripts) and 5'-diphosphorylated RNA.

5' pppN-----OH 3' or 5' ppN-----OH 3' ↓ 5' pN-----OH 3' + 2 P_i

RNA 5' Polyphosphatase has no activity on RNA with a 5' cap (e.g., 5' m⁷GpppN-----OH 3') or a 5'-monophosphorylated (5' pN-----OH 3') end. However, NTPs and dNTPs are used as substrates yielding the corresponding NMPs and dNMPs + inorganic phosphate.

(d)NTP
$$\rightarrow$$
 (d)NMP + 2 P_i

RNA 5' Polyphosphatase is available in a 200 Unit size at a concentration of 20 U/µl. A 10X Reaction buffer is provided with the enzyme.

Applications

- Conversion of 5'-triphosphorylated RNA to 5'-monophosphorylated RNA for use in 5'-T4 RNA Ligase-mediated RNA "tagging" strategies.
- Analysis of 5'-end structure of RNA.
- Preparation of substrate RNA molecules for subsequent degradation using Epicentre's Terminator™ 5'-Phosphate-Dependent Exonuclease.

2. Product Specifications

Storage: Store only at -20°C in a freezer without a defrost cycle.

Storage Buffer: RNA 5' Polyphosphatase is supplied in a 50% glycerol solution containing 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 100 mM NaCl, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 0.1 mM EDTA and 0.1% Triton[®] X-100.

Unit Definition: 1 Unit of RNA 5' Polyphosphatase results in the release of 1 nmol of inorganic phosphate from ATP in 1 hour at 37°C under standard assay conditions.

RNA 5' Polyphosphatase 10X Reaction Buffer: 0.5 M HEPES-KOH (pH 7.5), 1 M NaCl, 10 mM EDTA, 1% β-mercaptoethanol, and 0.1% Triton X-100.

Contaminating Activity Assays: RNA 5' Poly-phosphatase is free of detectable exo- and endonuclease and RNase activities.

Enzyme Inhibitors: RNA 5' Polyphosphatase activity is inhibited approximately 50% by 100 μ M inorganic phosphate, using ATP as a substrate.

3. Related Products

The following products are also available:

- RiboGuard[™] RNase Inhibitor
- Tobacco Acid Pyrophosphatase
- Terminator[™] 5'-Phosphate-Dependent Exonuclease
- T4 RNA Ligase

4. RNA Preparation

- 1. The RNA should be dissolved in RNase-free Water or RNase-free TE Buffer (10 mM Tris-HCI [pH 7.5], 1 mM EDTA). Total RNA or fractionated RNA preparations can be used.
- 2. RNA 5' Polyphosphatase activity is inhibited approximately 50% by 100 μ M inorganic phosphate, using ATP as a substrate. Care should be taken to purify away any residual reaction components so as not to carry over inorganic phosphate into the RNA 5' Polyphosphatase reaction.
- rNTPs, rNDPs, dNTPs, and dNDPs are all substrates for RNA 5' Polyphosphatase. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that any (deoxy)nucleotide tri- or diphosphates be removed from the RNA sample before use.

RNA 5' Polyphosphatase Standard Protocol

- 1. Thaw and thoroughly mix the RNA 5' Polyphosphatase 10X Reaction Buffer prior to use.
- 2. Combine the following components:
 - x µl RNase-Free water
 - 2 µl RNA 5' Polyphosphatase 10X Reaction Buffer
 - 0.5 µl RiboGuard RNase Inhibitor (optional)
 - x µl RNA sample (up to 5 µg) (see RNA Preparation)
 - 1 μl RNA 5' Polyphosphatase (20 Units)
 - 20 µl Total reaction volume
- 3. Gently but thoroughly mix the reaction.
- 4. Incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.
- 5. Purify the treated RNA by a method appropriate to the downstream application.

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